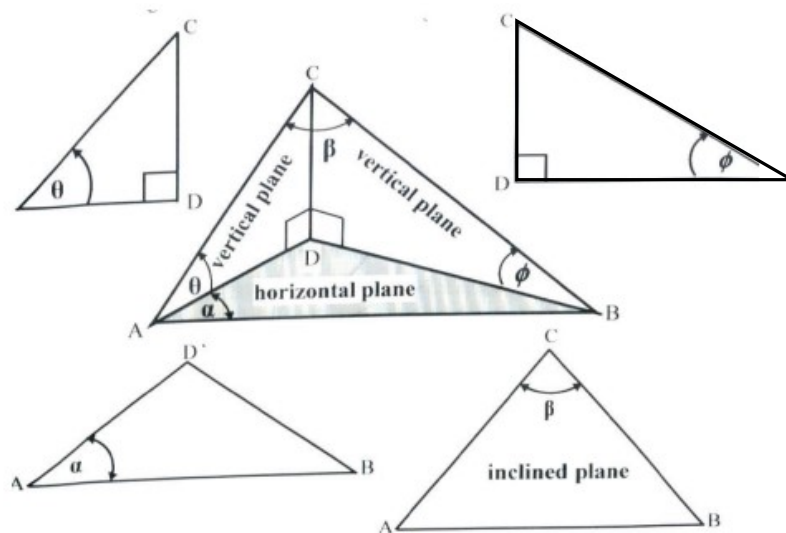


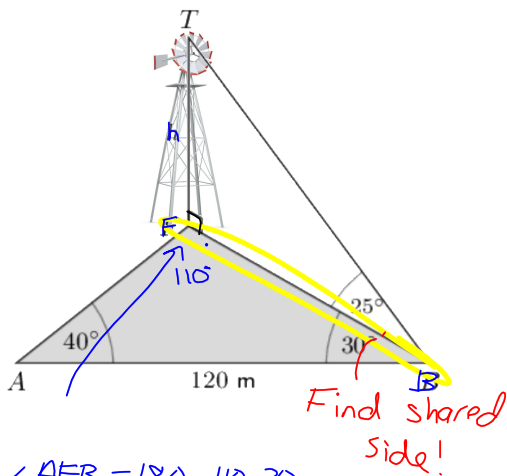
Lesson 4.5 Problems in Three Dimensions

Strategies for solving 3D Trig Problems

- Break the problem into two dimensional triangles.
- Use SOHCAHTOA in right angle triangles.
- Use Sine and Cosine laws in oblique triangles.
- Start in the triangle with the most given information.
- Look for common sides between triangles.
- Communicate your solution carefully - identify the triangle within which you are working.
- Label vertices so that it is simple to refer to side lengths and angles.



Ex. 1 Determine the height of the windmill.



$$\angle AFB = 180 - 40 - 30 = 110^\circ$$

$$\frac{a}{\sin 40} = \frac{120}{\sin 110}$$

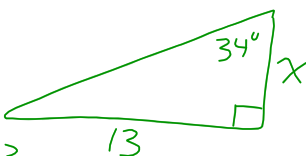
$$a = \sin 40 \cdot \frac{120}{\sin 110} \approx 82.1$$

$$\tan 25^\circ = \frac{h}{82.1}$$

$$h = 82.1 \cdot \tan 25^\circ \approx 38.3$$

\therefore The windmill is 38.3m high

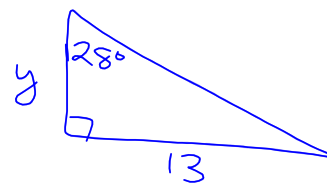
Ex. 2 Annika and Balerie are standing at opposite ends of a bridge and Charles and Denis are standing in the river below. The angle between Annika's sightlines to Charlie and Denis is 34° and the angle between Balerie's sightlines to Charlie and Denis is 28° . How long is the bridge? Additional measurements are included in the diagram.



$$\tan 34^\circ = \frac{13}{x}$$

$$x = \frac{13}{\tan 34^\circ}$$

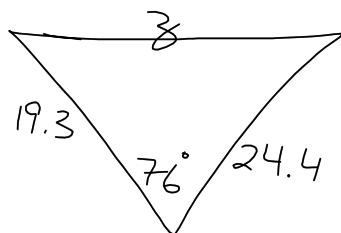
$$\approx 19.3$$



$$\tan 28^\circ = \frac{13}{y}$$

$$y = \frac{13}{\tan 28^\circ}$$

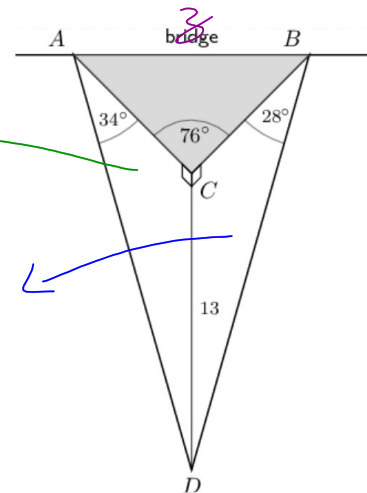
$$\approx 24.4$$



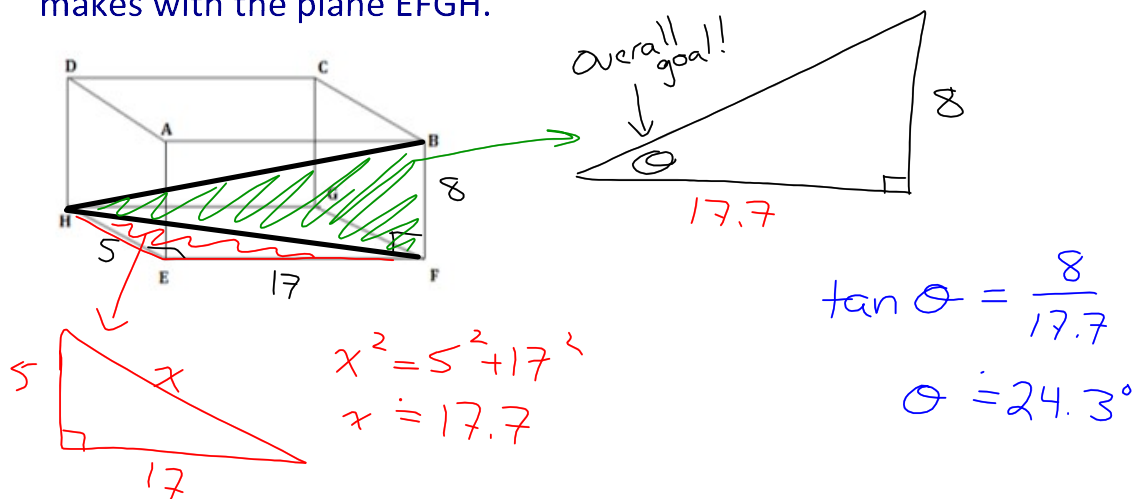
$$z^2 = 19.3^2 + 24.4^2 - 2(19.3)(24.4) \cos 76^\circ$$

$$z \approx 27.2$$

\therefore The bridge is 27.2m wide



Ex. 3 A cuboid is shown below. The cuboid has a length of 17 cm, a width of 5 cm, and a height of 8 cm. Determine the size of the angle that BH makes with the plane EFGH.

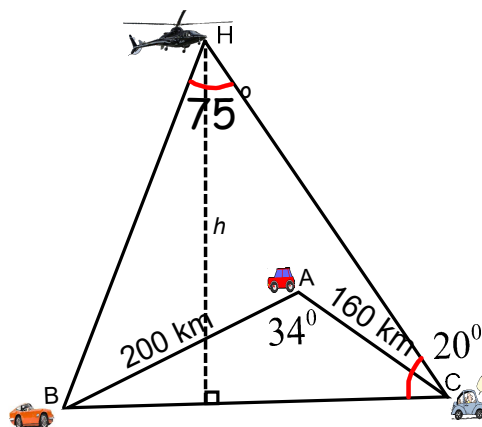


\therefore The angle is 24.3°

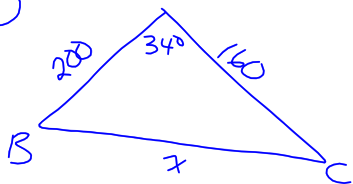
Ex. 4 Determine the height of the helicopter (H).

Plan of approach

- ① Cosine law w/ flat Δ to find BC
- ② Sine law w/ upright Δ to find BH
- ③ Use interior angles to find $\angle HBC$
- ④ Use sin to solve for h



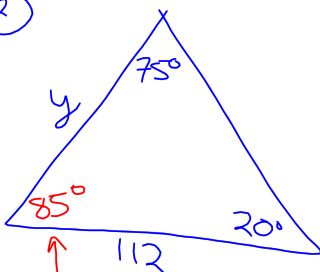
①



$$x^2 = 200^2 + 160^2 - 2(200)(160)\cos 34^\circ$$

$$x = 112$$

②



$$\frac{y}{\sin 20} = \frac{112}{\sin 75}$$

$$y = 39.6$$

③

$$\angle HBC = 180 - 75 - 20$$

$$= 85^\circ$$

④



$$\sin 85^\circ = \frac{h}{112}$$

$$h = 39.5$$

\therefore The helicopter
is 39.5 km
high

HOMEWORK

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