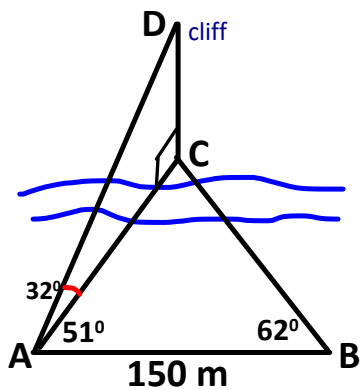


STATION G

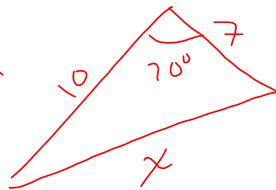
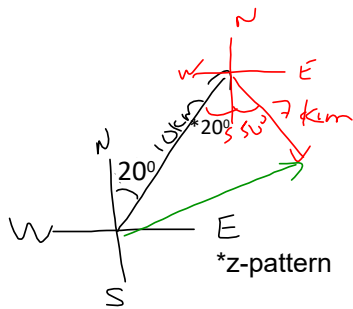
1. Hannah walks for 10 km, 20° east of north, then changes direction, walking 7 km, 50° east of south. What is the distance between Hannah and her starting point?

2. A surveyor is on one side of a river. On the other side is a cliff of unknown height that she wants to measure. The surveyor lays out a baseline AB of length 150 m. From point A, she selects point C at the base of the cliff and measures angle CAB to be 51° . She selects point D on top of the cliff, directly above C, and measures an angle of elevation of 32° . She moves to point B and measures angle CBA as 62° . Determine the height of the cliff.



STATION G

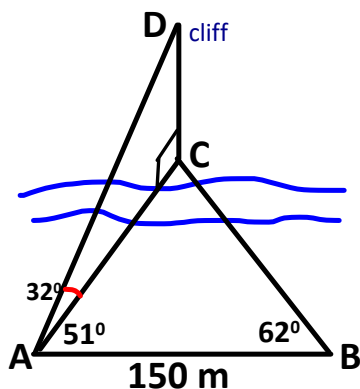
1. Hannah walks for 10 km, 20° east of north, then changes direction, walking 7 km, 50° east of south. What is the distance between Hannah and her starting point?



$$x^2 = 10^2 + 7^2 - 2(10)(7)\cos 70^\circ$$

$$x \approx 10.1 \text{ km}$$

2. A surveyor is on one side of a river. On the other side is a cliff of unknown height that she wants to measure. The surveyor lays out a baseline AB of length 150 m. From point A, she selects point C at the base of the cliff and measures angle CAB to be 51° . She selects point D on top of the cliff, directly above C, and measures an angle of elevation of 32° . She moves to point B and measures angle CBA as 62° . Determine the height of the cliff.



1.

$$\frac{\sin 62^\circ}{b} = \frac{\sin 51^\circ}{150}$$

$$\therefore b = 144 \text{ m}$$

2.

$$\tan 32^\circ = \frac{h}{144}$$

$$\therefore h = 90 \text{ m}$$