

6.5 - Geometric Series

4, 8, 16, 32, ... geometric sequence

4 + 8 + 16 + 32 + ... geometric series: The **sum** of the terms of a geometric sequence.

Derivation of the Geometric Series Formula

$$\begin{array}{r}
 S_n = a + \cancel{ar} + \cancel{ar^2} + \dots + \cancel{ar^{n-1}} \\
 rS_n = \quad \cancel{ar} + \cancel{ar^2} + \dots + \cancel{ar^{n-1}} + ar^n \\
 \hline
 S_n - rS_n = a - ar^n \\
 S_n(1-r) = a(1-r^n)
 \end{array}$$

$$S_n = \frac{a(1-r^n)}{(1-r)}$$

Geometric Series Formulas

Any term, t_n , can be found using: $t_n = ar^{n-1}$

Any sum, S_n , can be found using:

$$S_n = \frac{a(r^n - 1)}{r - 1} \quad \text{OR} \quad \frac{a(1 - r^n)}{1 - r} \quad \text{where } r \neq 1$$

and:
 a = first term
 r = common ratio
 n = # of terms

Ex. 1 Determine the indicated sum of each series.

$4 + (-8) + 16 + (-\dots)$
 a) $4 - 8 + 16 - \dots, S_9$

$$a = 4$$

$$r = \frac{-8}{4}$$

$$= -2$$

$$n = 9$$

$$S_n = \frac{a(1-r^n)}{1-r}$$

$$S_9 = \frac{4(1-(-2)^9)}{1-(-2)}$$

$$= \frac{4(1-(-512))}{3}$$

$$= \frac{4(513)}{3}$$

$$= 684$$

$$\therefore S_9 = 684$$

b) $64 + 32 + 16 + \dots, S_{12}$

$$a = 64$$

$$n = 12$$

$$r = \frac{32}{64}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2}$$

$$S_n = \frac{a(1-r^n)}{1-r}$$

$$S_{12} = \frac{64(1-(\frac{1}{2})^{12})}{1-\frac{1}{2}}$$

$$= \frac{64(1-\frac{1}{4096})}{\frac{1}{2}}$$

$$= 64(\frac{4095}{4096}) \div \frac{1}{2}$$

$$= \frac{4095}{64} \times \frac{2}{1}$$

$$= \frac{4095}{32}$$

$$\therefore S_{12} = \frac{4095}{32}$$

Ex. 2 Determine the sum of the series.

$$2 + 6 + 18 + \dots + 4374$$

$$a = 2 \quad \text{find } n \quad (t_n = ar^{n-1})$$

$$r = 3$$

$$n = ?$$

$$4374 = 2(3)^{n-1}$$

$$2187 = 3^{n-1}$$

$$3^7 = 3^{n-1}$$

$$\therefore 7 = n-1$$

$$8 = n$$

$$\text{Find } S_8$$

$$S_n = \frac{a(1-r^n)}{1-r}$$

$$S_8 = \frac{2(1-3^8)}{1-3}$$

$$= \frac{2(-6560)}{-2}$$

$$\boxed{\therefore S_8 = 6560} = 6560$$

Ex. 3 What if $r = 1$? Suppose $a = 5$ and $r = 1$, find S_{10} for the series.

$$5 + 5 + 5 + 5 + \dots$$

$$S_{10} = 5(10) = 50$$

Can't use

$$S_n = \frac{a(1-r^n)}{1-r}$$

Divide by zero

Homework
p. 459 # 4, 5, 7, 9, 11,
13 *challenge

